

Power Deposition in ν Fact Target Front-End

John Back

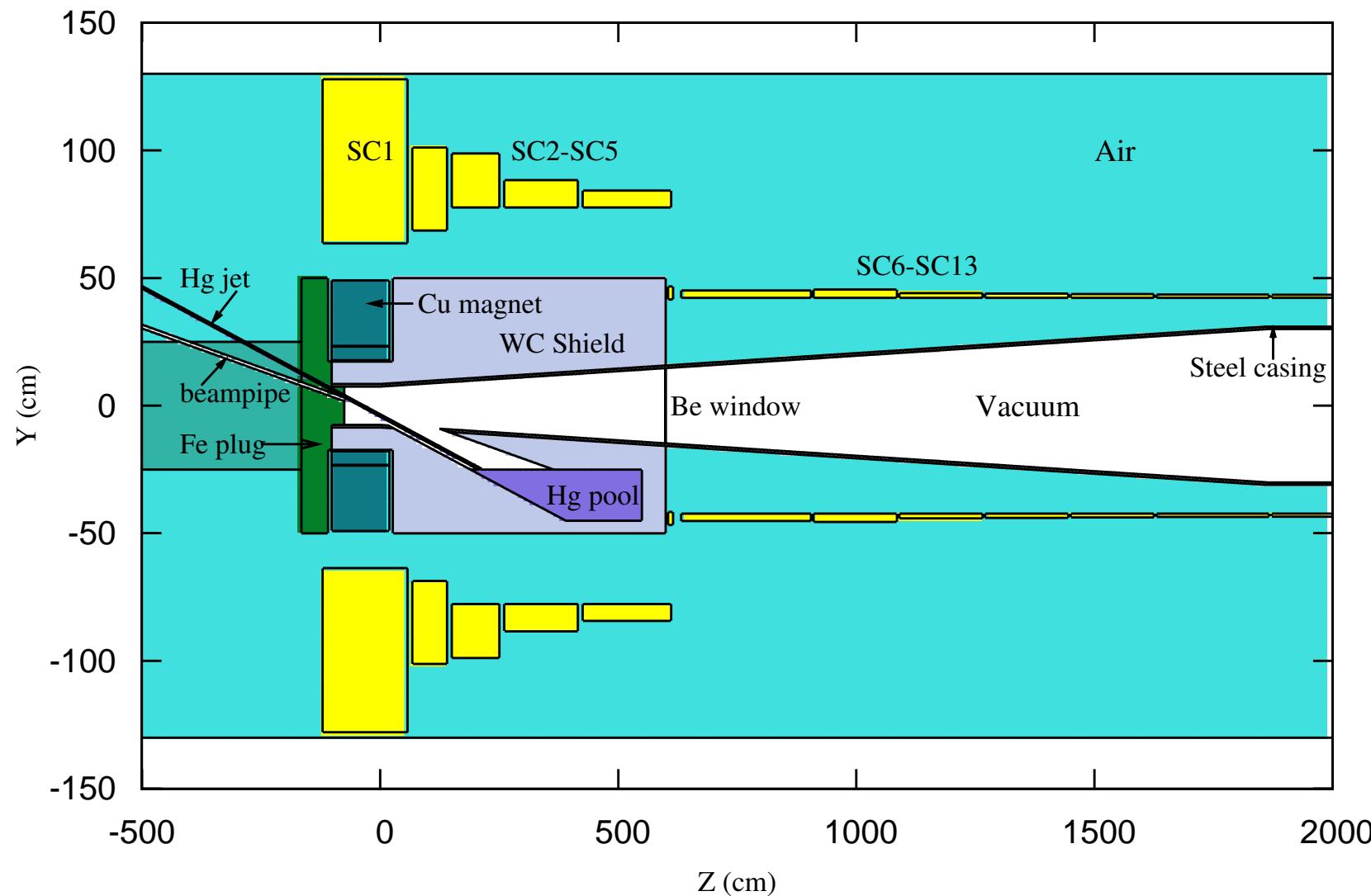
University of Warwick

22-25 September 2010

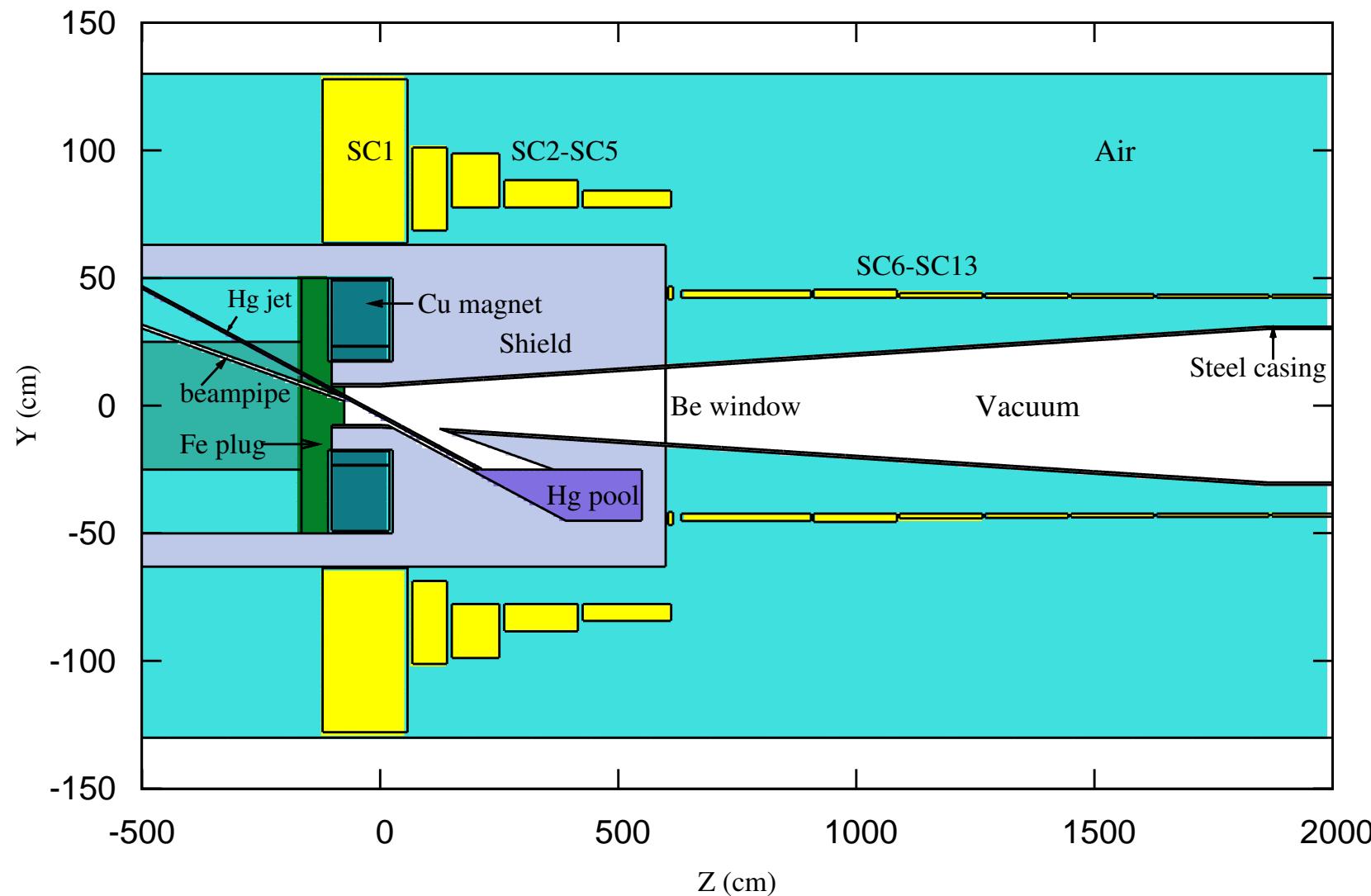
Introduction

- Using Mars & Fluka to estimate energy deposition for ν Fact Hg jet target
 - all Mars results courtesy of Xiaoping Ding (UCLA)
- Study II geometry and magnetic field map
- Hg jet: $r = 0.5$ cm, tilt $\theta = 100$ mr
- Gaussian proton beam $r_{\text{beam}} = 0.15$ cm, tilt $\theta = 67$ mr; KE = 8 GeV
- Looking at deposited power in different regions, specifically in the shielding and the superconducting coils (SC)
 - Proton rate = 3.125×10^{15} s⁻¹ for 4 MW (8 GeV, 50 Hz)
 - Multiply deposited energies by proton rate to get power

Target Front-End Geometry

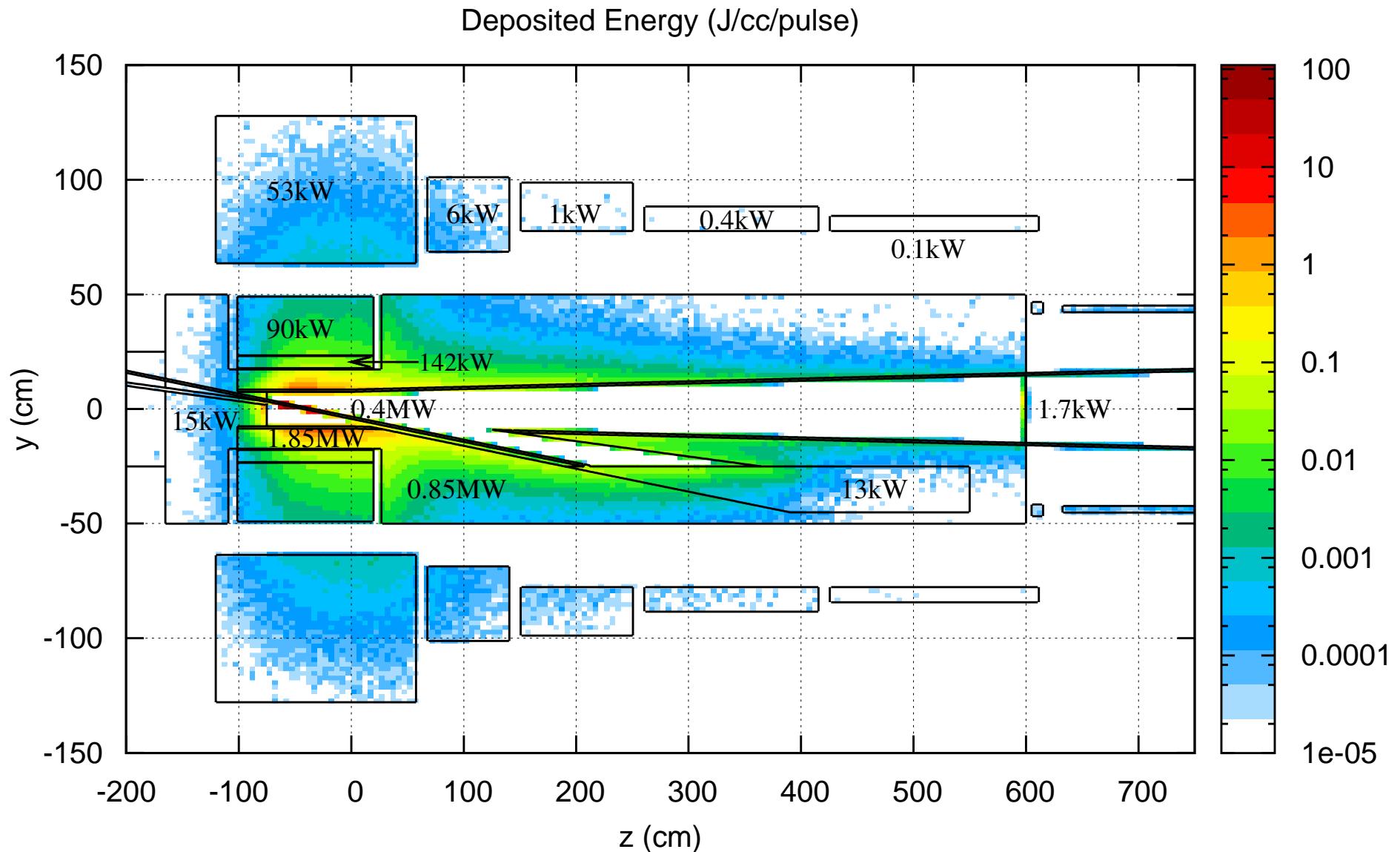


Enhanced Target Front-End Geometry



Extra shielding below SC1: $r_{\max} = 50 \rightarrow 63 \text{ cm}$

Approximate distribution of power deposition



Power Deposition - Standard Shielding

Power deposition in the SC coils & the shielding for Mars & Fluka

Shielding Material	SC1 (kW)	SC1-SC13 (kW)	Shielding (kW)
0.8 WC + 0.2 Water	24.9 53.5	36.1 64.3	1839 2293
100% W	20.9 57.0	30.8 69.8	1826 2231
0.8 W + 0.2 Hg	22.6 62.5	33.2 79.7	1860 2199
0.6 W + 0.4 Hg	23.7 68.6	35.1 90.7	1892 2171
100% Hg	32.5 86.7	61.1 133.9	1651 2083

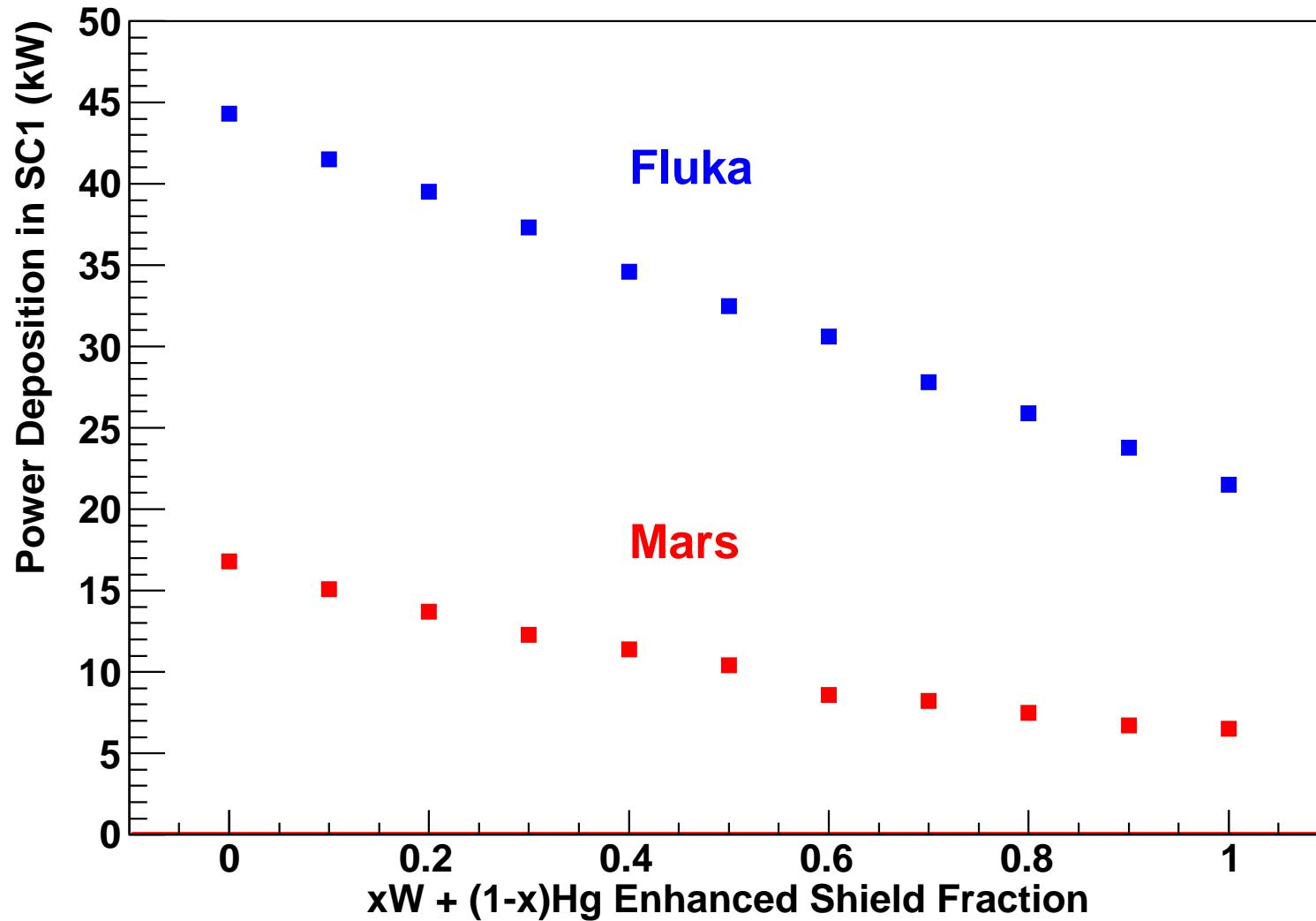
Similar results using Ta instead of W for composite shielding material.

Power Deposition - Enhanced Shielding

Power deposition in the SC coils & the shielding for Mars & Fluka

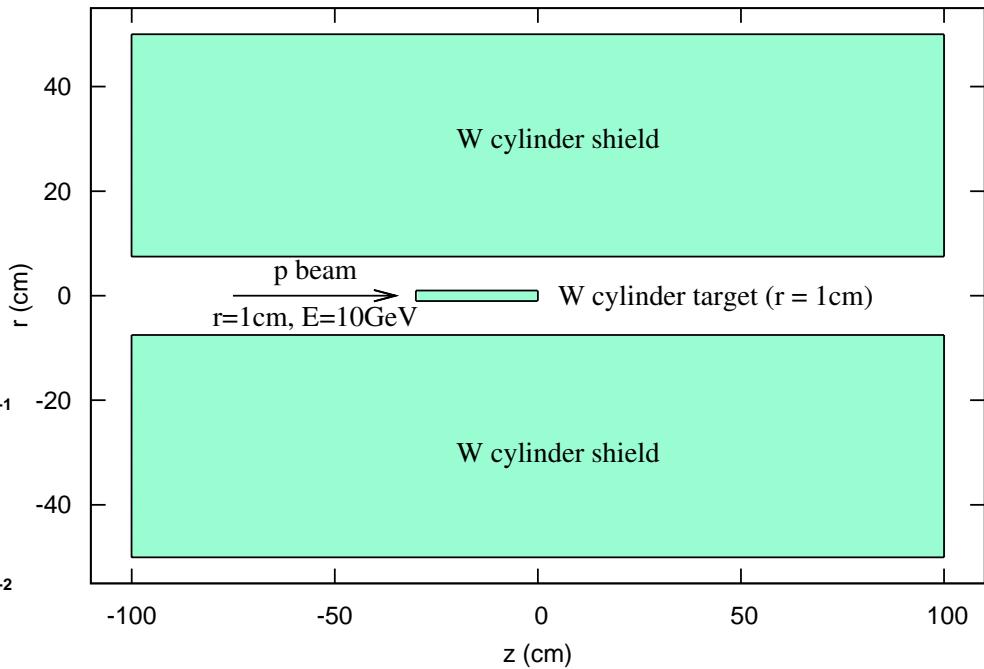
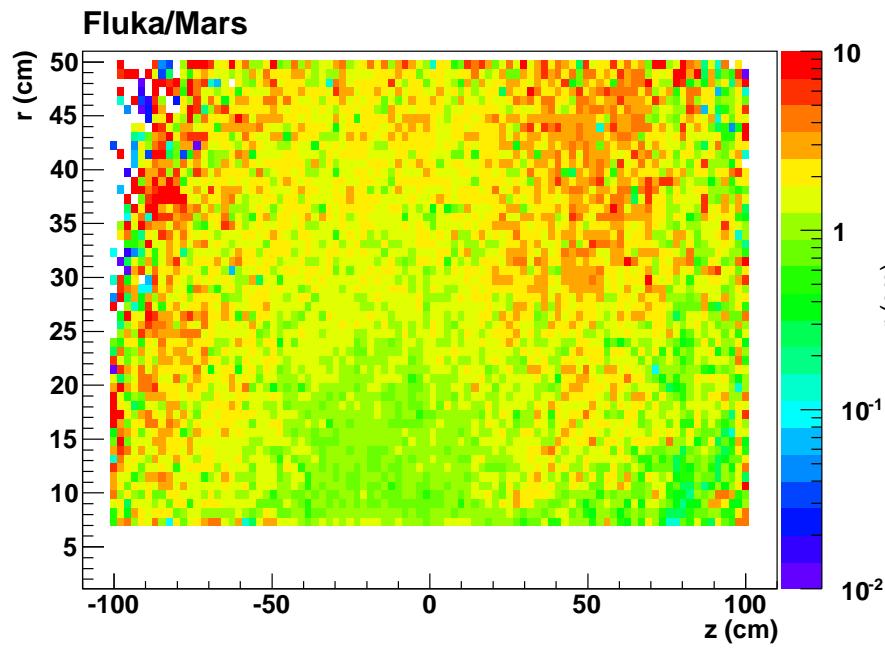
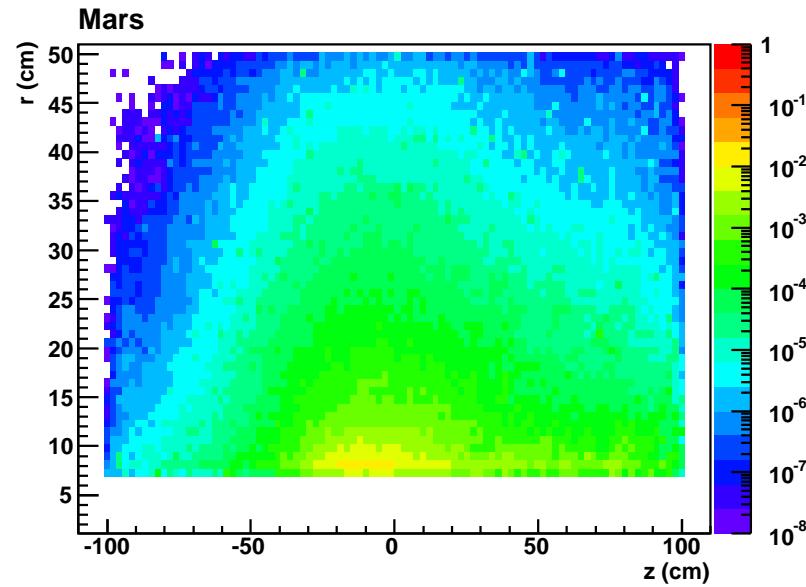
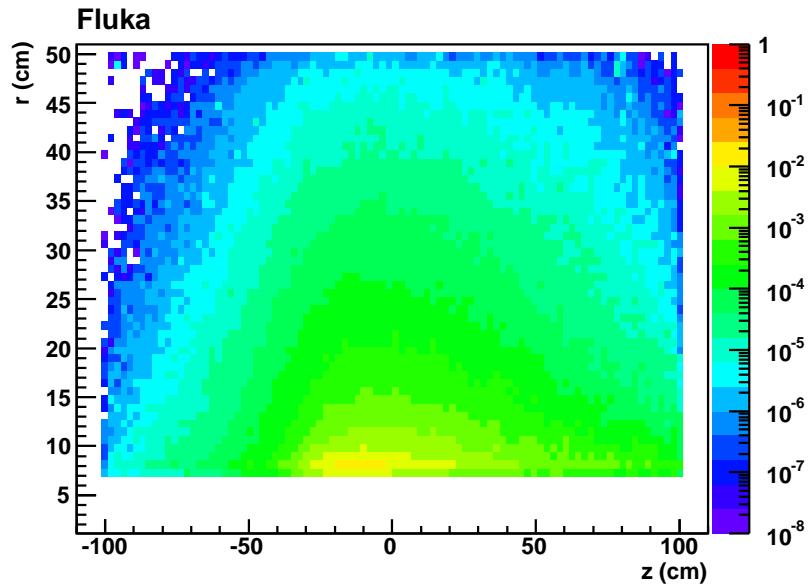
Shielding Material	SC1 (kW)	SC1-SC13 (kW)	Shielding (kW)
0.8 WC + 0.2 Water	8.6 18.6	16.8 23.7	1866 2347
100% W	6.5 21.5	14.0 26.8	1934 2280
0.9 W + 0.1 Hg	6.7 23.8	14.3 29.6	1833 2267
0.8 W + 0.2 Hg	7.5 25.9	15.0 32.3	1817 2259
0.7 W + 0.3 Hg	8.2 27.8	15.9 35.0	1805 2249
0.6 W + 0.4 Hg	8.6 30.6	16.4 38.9	1794 2231
0.5 W + 0.5 Hg	10.4 32.5	21.1 42.5	1796 2220
0.4 W + 0.6 Hg	11.4 34.6	23.2 46.0	1776 2208
0.3 W + 0.7 Hg	12.3 37.3	25.4 50.7	1752 2194
0.2 W + 0.8 Hg	13.7 39.5	28.0 55.1	1741 2188
0.1 W + 0.9 Hg	15.1 41.5	31.7 59.9	1710 2176
100% Hg	16.8 44.3	35.9 66.1	1683 2166

Variation of SC1 power for W/Hg shield fraction



Fluka/Mars differences

- Fluka gives higher E_{dep} values
- Short study to investigate differences between the two codes:
 - Proton beam: $r = 1 \text{ cm}$, $E = 10 \text{ GeV}$
 - Simple tungsten target, no B field, nor complicated geometries
- Fluka/Mars E_{dep} ratio shows Fluka energy showers are more “penetrating”
 - Fluka E_{dep} higher as we move away from the initial proton beam
 - Explains higher E_{dep} values for SC coils in Fluka
- Following plots show normalised energy (per unit mass) deposition & the Fluka/Mars ratio



Summary

- Shown power deposition for ν Fact target front-end using Mars & Fluka
 - Most of power deposited in shield; about 10% in Hg jet
 - Fluka power values higher than Mars (showers more “penetrating”)
- Best shielding solutions differ between Mars & Fluka
 - Mars suggests 100% W, whereas Fluka slightly prefers 80% WC + 20% H₂O
 - Differences in hadronic models/cross-sections for p & n reactions?
- Very high power deposition in the first superconducting coil (SC1): $P_{\text{SC1}} > 20 \text{ kW}$
 - Enhanced shielding ($r_{\text{max}} = 50 \rightarrow 63 \text{ cm}$) reduces SC1 power by $\sim \frac{1}{3}$
- Need more shielding to reduce this further
 - Need to know maximum allowed safe operating power for SC1
 - Need simulation results to be significantly lower than this to ensure safety case
 - Probably need to move the SC1 coil much further out, or replace with Cu coils
 - Implications for the SC magnetic field (14 T) $\Rightarrow \pi, \mu$ yield production