



MERIT Review Meeting: Cryogenics

BNL, NY

Dec. 12, 2005

Friedrich Haug

CERN

Cryogenics for Experiments
Accelerator Technology Department

Presented by

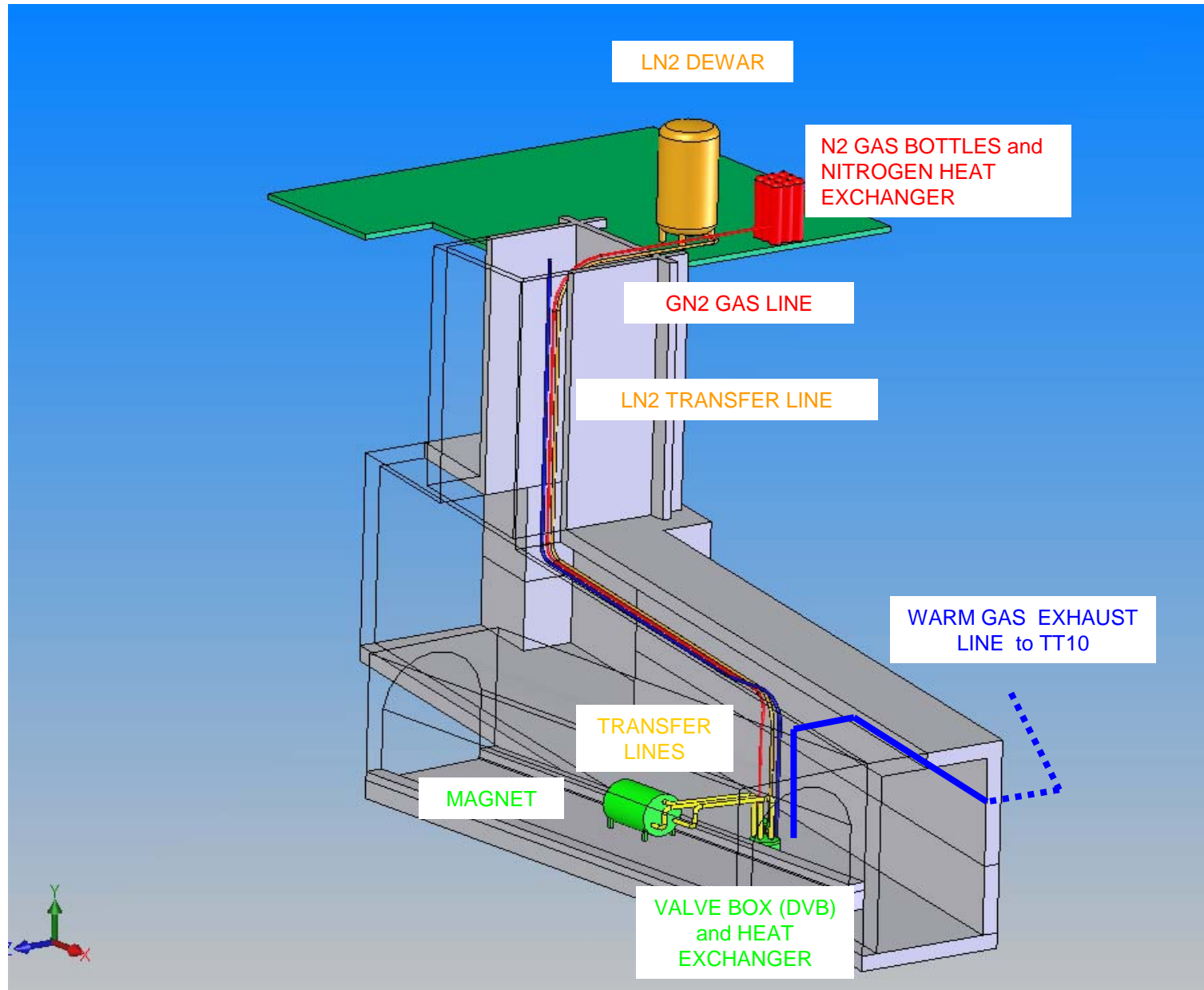
Adrian Fabich



Overview of Presentation

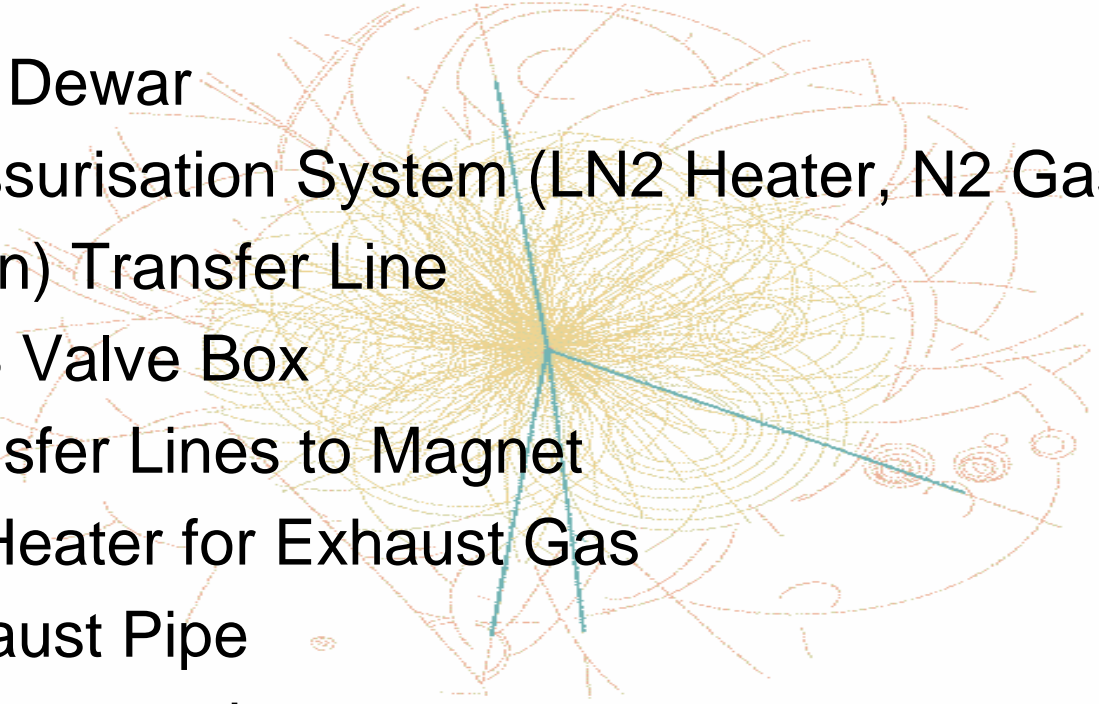
1. Layout of Cryogenics at n-ToF Area
2. Equipment
3. Flow Scheme, Functionality
4. Safety, Risk Assessment
5. Surface Test Area (Hall 180)
6. Budget
7. 2006 Provisional Planning

1. Layout at n-TOF Area (Principle)

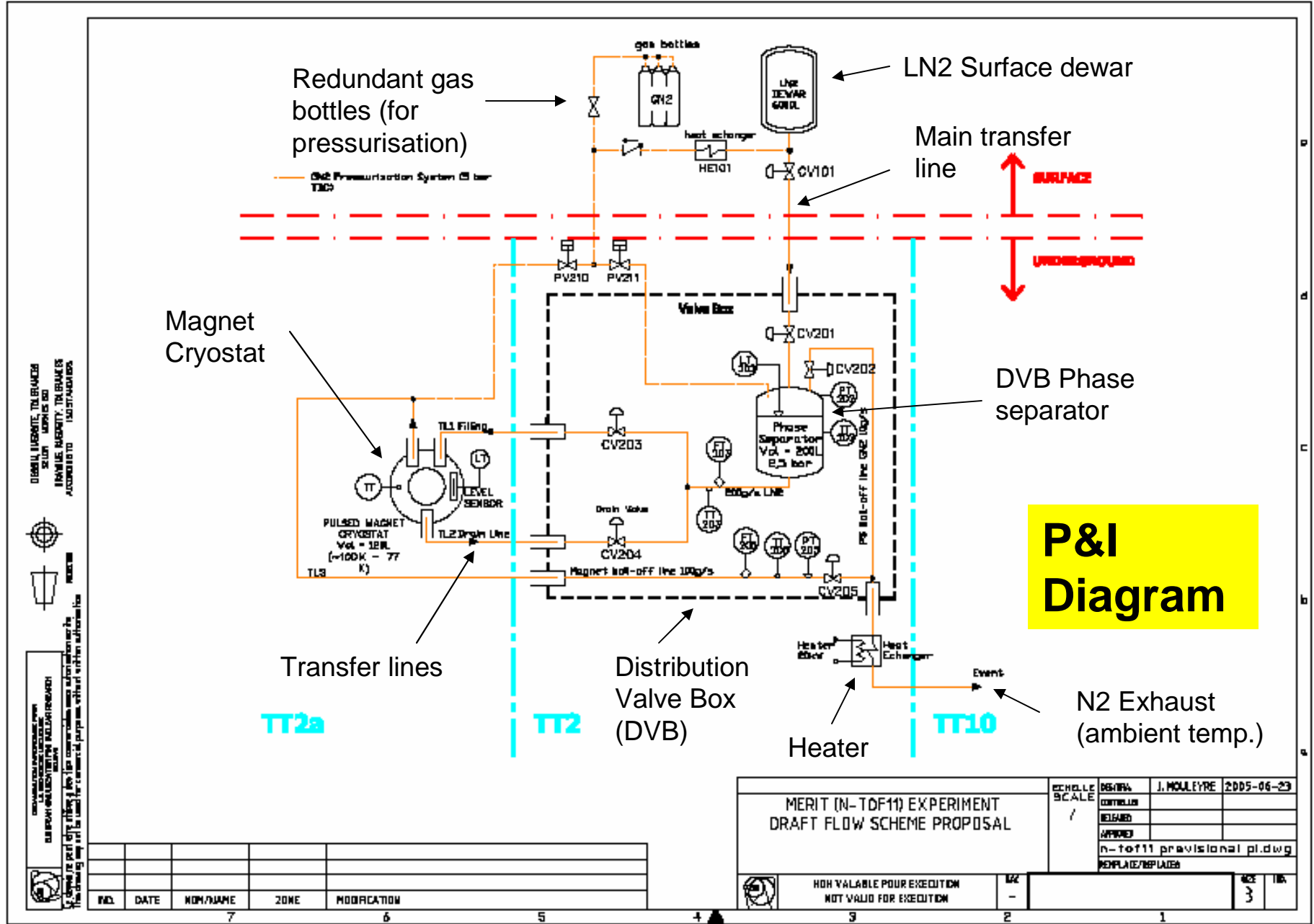




2. Equipment

- LN2 Dewar
 - Pressurisation System (LN2 Heater, N2 Gas Bottles)
 - (Main) Transfer Line
 - DVB Valve Box
 - Transfer Lines to Magnet
 - N2 Heater for Exhaust Gas
 - Exhaust Pipe
 - Instrumentation
 - Process Control System
 - Safety Equipment
- 
- A background diagram showing a complex network of orange and red lines representing a particle accelerator tunnel. The lines are dense and circular, forming a large, irregular shape. A few solid blue lines are overlaid on the diagram, representing specific transfer lines or components mentioned in the list.

3. FLOW SCHEME, FUNCTIONALITY



P&I Diagram

MERIT (N-TDF11) EXPERIMENT DRAFT FLOW SCHEME PROPOSAL		SCALE	DESIGN	J. MOLLELYRE	2005-06-23
		CONTROL			
		RELEASED			
		APPROVED			
			n-tof11 provisional pl.dwg		
			REPLACE/REPLACES		
NOT VALID FOR EXECUTION NOT VALID FOR EXECUTION		REV			

NO.	DATE	NOM./NAME	ZONE	MODIFICATION
7				
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Functionality (simplified)

Phase A (Initial cool down of magnet)

- A1. Magnet pre-Cooling 300K to 77 K (controlled mass flow)
- A2. Magnet cryostat fill up with LN2

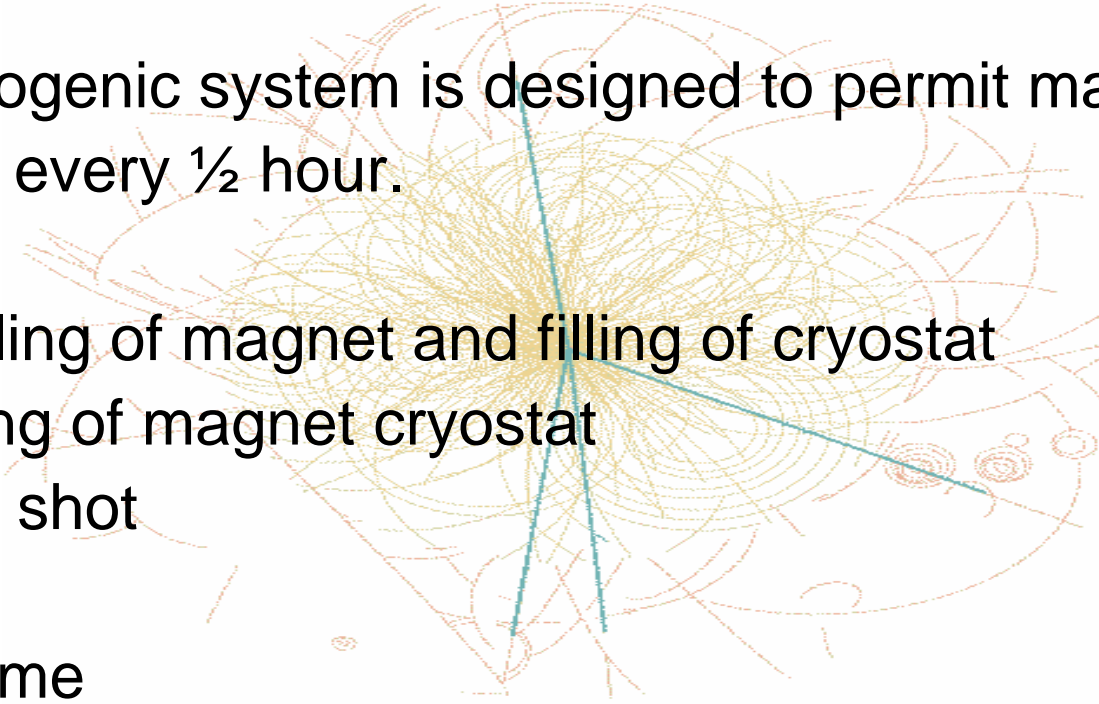
Phase B (Normal baseline operation)

- B1. Magnet at 77 K, immersed in LN2
- B2. Empty magnet by pressurisation. Liquid is pushed out to phase separator in DVB (quantity >100 l)
- B3. Magnet ramp-up (Pulse)
- B4. Re-cooling (stored LN2 quantity in DVB phase separator + LN2 surplus supplied from surface dewar)
- B5. Fill cryostat → go to B1



Cycle Time

The Cryogenic system is designed to permit magnet ramping every ½ hour.

A complex, multi-layered diagram of a particle detector, likely the ATLAS detector, showing a central vertex with numerous tracks radiating outwards. The diagram is rendered in a light orange or yellow color with a dashed-line effect. Two solid blue lines cross the diagram, forming an 'X' shape that divides the detector into four quadrants.

-Re-cooling of magnet and filling of cryostat	20 min
-Emptying of magnet cryostat	10 min
-Magnet shot	3 min

-Cycle time	~30 min



Systems Control

The Cryogenic System will be fully automated using CERN Standard for Slow Controls (UNICOS) based on

- A) Schneider PLC,
- B) PVSS supervision.

- A) The PLC will be installed locally at TT2 next to the DVB
- B) The remote Supervision Station connects via Ethernet

-Operation is done remotely! Operator interventions via supervision system (man/machine interface).

-Normally no access to underground test area required during experiment

4. Safety, Risk Assessment

Potential hazard to people working underground (TT2a and TT2) exist in case of accidental spills of LN2 and loss of GN2.

Potential Risks for personnel are

-Asphyxiation, -Cold Burns, -Hypothermia !

“Cryogenic System Built-in” Safety Measures :

- 1) Adequate design by
 - choice of material and quality assurance during construction,
 - reliable interconnection bayonets,
 - choice of instrumentation
- 2) Minimize required access of personnel by
 - a) Remote supervision system,
 - b) Fully automated process control
- 3) Automation minimizes risk of hazardous situations like pressure build-up in vessels by active control of the parameters
- 4) Safety valves and rupture discs are used as ultimate passive safety feature to protect equipment and personnel
- 5) Interlocks with the magnet power control system

Safety (continuation)

- Risk assessment in collaboration with the Safety Commission (en route)
- Technical Solution for ODH Detection with Technical Service Dep. (en route)
- ODH must be an automated detection system with links to TCR (Technical Control Room) and SCR (Safety Control Room) via “CSAM” (CERN Safety Alarm Monitoring)
- Procedures
 - Access control
 - Safety training training of personnel working in underground areas in the neighborhood of cryogenes (specific CERN safety courses required)



Safety Systems (example ATLAS)

Collective Safety systems

- Passive safety measures (discharge)
- ODH Detection and Warning
- Emergency ventilation and extraction
- «Red phones» to Safety control room
- personnel rescue by fire brigade



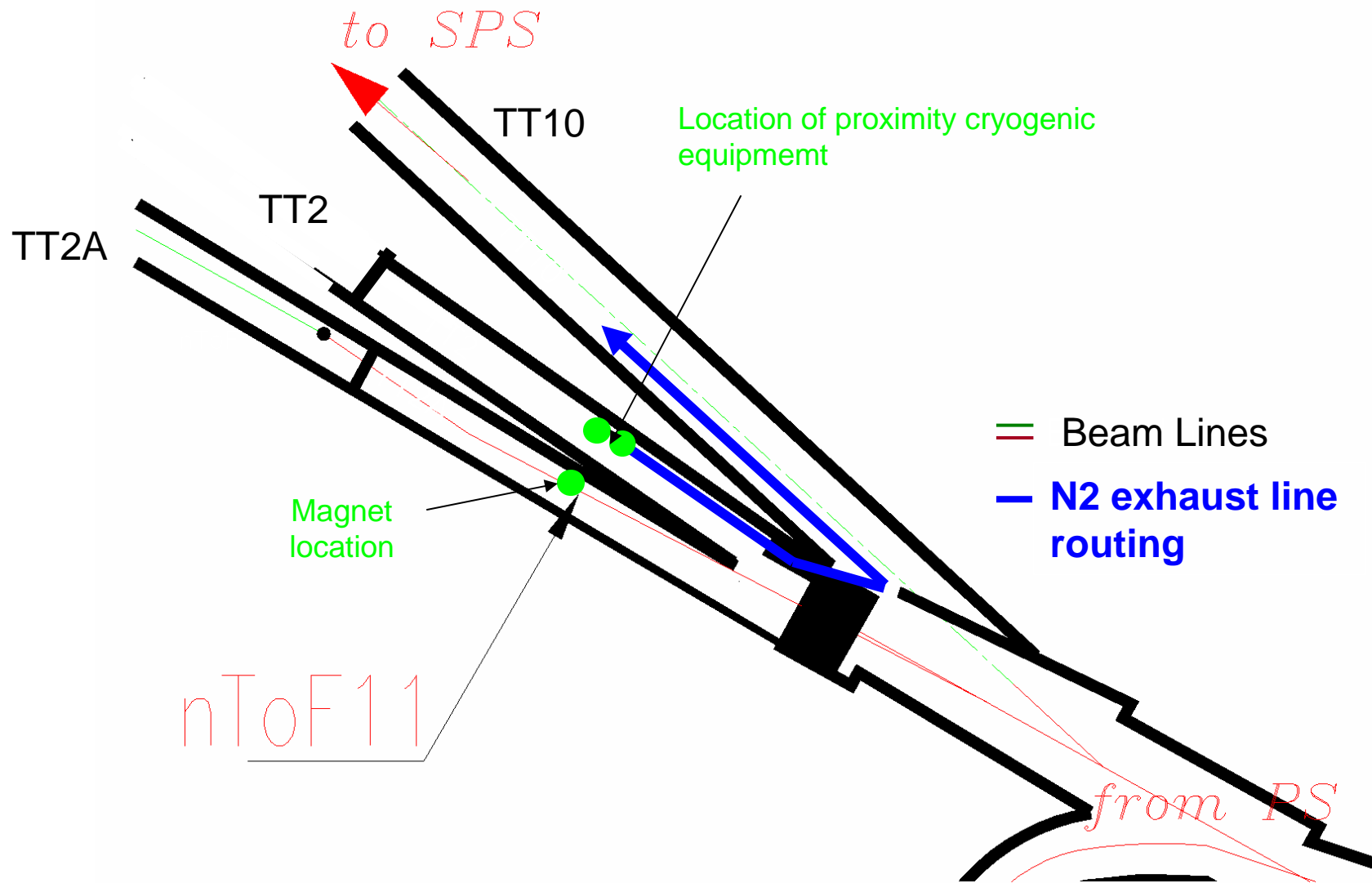
Individual Safety Systems

- mobile telephone,
- portable ODH detector
- breathing apparatus ?

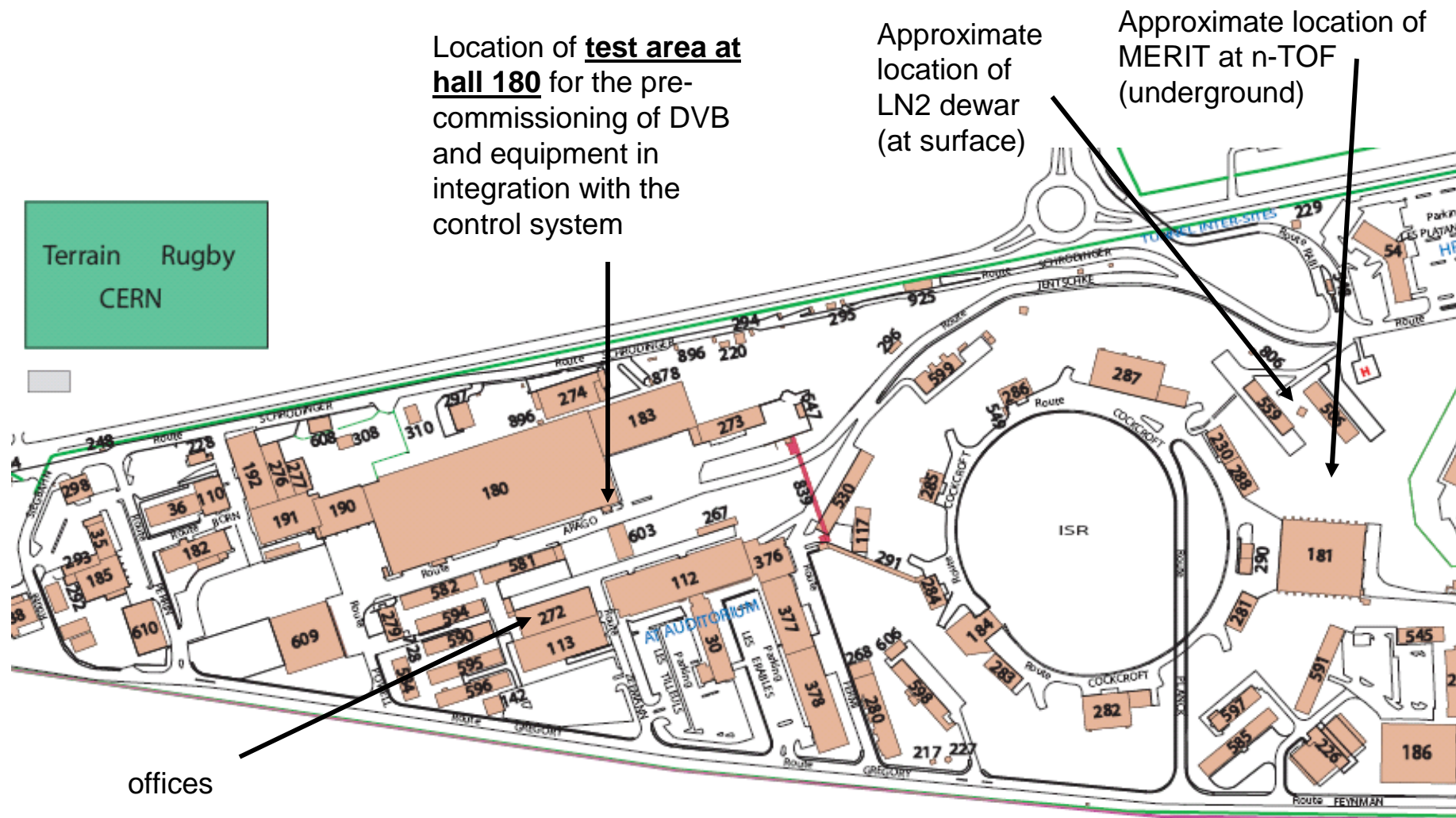


GN2 Exhaust

For reasons of potential activation all exhaust gas is routed to TT10 after having been heated to ambient temperature



5. On Surface Test +Commissioning at Hall 180 (ATLAS)



Lay-out of CERN Meyrin (western part) with MERIT locations

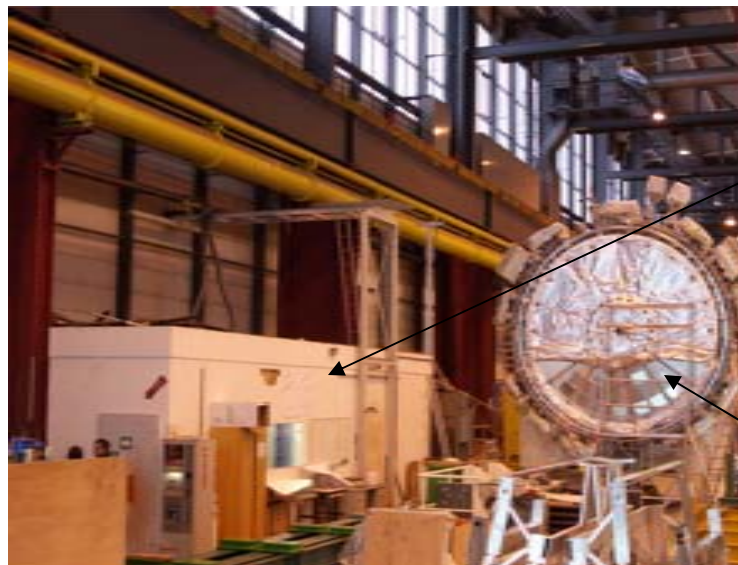
Location of surface test area at Hall 180



-6000 litre dewar currently used at ATLAS Hall 180 test facility.

(to be adapted for MERIT use)

-MERIT cryogenic equipment will be installed within fenced area



-Existing control room will be available for MERIT cryogenics use.

ATLAS Liquid Argon Calorimeter

Budget

1.	Controls hardware+software	80 kChF
2.	Heat exchanger	15 kChF
3.	Transfer lines	70 kChF
4.	Exhaust warm	15 kChF
5.	Concrete platform	20 kChF
6.	Dewar 6000l modification	25 kChF
7.	Instrumentation and cabling	70 kChF
8.	Safety equipment	20 kChF
9.	Installation	25 kChF
10.	LN2	20 kChF

- Total: 360 kChF project cost estimate until Nov. 2006

2006 provisional Planning (overview)

DVB (specifically)

DVB Technical Specification	AT-ECR	16.1.
DVB Tender	RAL	17.1. - 30.3.
DVB Production (at company). Monitoring by...	RAL/AT-ECR	1.4. -1.8.
Instrumentation	AT-ECR	1.7. -1.8.
Delivery to CERN		1.9.

Surface assembly, Test + Commissioning at hall 180

infrastructure prep. + dewar modification	AT-ECR	until 1.7.
Controls Hardware construction	AT-ECR	until 1.8.
Controls Software preparation	AT-ECR	until 1.9.
Commissioning	AT-ECR	1.9.-1.10.
Surface Tests	AT-ECR	1.10.-30.10.

n-TOF area

-various infra preparations (including safety)	AT-ECR	until 1.9.
-magnet delivery	MIT	15.11.
-Installation of all remaining cryogenics	AT-ECR	1.11.-30.11
-Commissioning with provisional cold tests	AT-ECR	1.12-20.12.

schedule

